# **14 TECHNIQUES TO TRY**

# **Macro Photography**



White balance is key for ensuring you get the best colour reproduction in any given light situationist. The following pre-sets are a guide as to when and where to use them for better colours

## Gear needed

**Close-up filter:** The best close-up filters are a cheap and simple alternative to macro lenses. If you're starting out - get one

**Reverse lens adaptor:** If you want to up your game and have a good lens these can get some great results for little money

**Extension tubes:** They have no optical elements, but work by moving the optics of your lens. Tubes can produce the results of very expensive macro-lenses and a fraction of the price

**Macro lens:** If you are serious about macro photography you'll need a macro lens that specialises in close up shots. But they can sky-rocket in price astronomically

**Tripod:** If you're going to buy a tripod, get a decent one, don't go budget options either. Get a good quality, heavy duty stand

**Focusing rail:** Used for image stacking to move your camera or subject smoothly to obtain images at different focal points

Close up light: Ring lights are the most popular but there's more and more specialist lights available that will give you a well lit scene at very close distances

#### **Process**

**Know what you're shooting:** Some close-up subjects need to be researched first. Especially if it's alive, more so if it moves

**Run tests:** It's often the case that you need to revisit a site multiple times. Test shoots always improve the final result

**Check weather:** You don't have to just check the weather in advance - you have to keep a constant eye on it. Changing light levels can ruin a shoot

**Take your time:** You can't rush macro photography. It's a slow process so learn to progress slowly and move steadily

**Take an assistant:** Many shots require the work of a second person to facilitate the shoot, if you need help, get it

**Compose the results:** If you're shooting multiple shots you need a solid process for editing groups of shots together

**Print large:** Macro photography works best when the results are printed and displayed large

# Techniques to learn

**Minimise shake:** At such tiny sizes even the smallest, almost imperceptible shake can ruin a shot. Take every precaution

**Macro lighting:** Lights are mostly designed to light things from a few feet to many. Macro lighting is a fine art, especially when your subject is alive or reacts to close lighting

**Focus stacking:** Focus stacking is a skill you can do with any photography, but with macro it's taken to a higher level

**Texture macro:** Close up, textures can become small worlds that reveal detail we often overlook.

Flower macro: Flowers are a popular subject matter, they're the go to subject matter especially if things are living on them

**Eye macro:** Eyes are always interesting, capturing the fine detail and controlling the reflections takes a lot of skill

**Insect macro:** One of the main subjects that wins awards from Wildlife Photographer of the Year to the Close-Up Awards is insect photography. It's one of the hardest disciplines to master

# **Macro Photographers**

**Ole Bielfeldt** of Macrofying is known for his deep zooms into everyday objects.

**Andrey Savin** is an underwater macro photographer who specializes in capturing the amazing beauty and subtle details of the underwater world.

**Levon Biss** is regarded as one of the leading macro photographers of his generation whose work concentrates on natural history and science.

**Javier Rupérez**, an award-winning photographer specializes in capturing the extraordinary beauty of insects through extreme macro photography. Rupérez is widely regarded as one of the world's best extreme macro insect photographers.

**Timothy Boomer** is a California-based natural history photographer with a special interest in smaller flora and fauna. His favourite subjects are windflowers, mushrooms, and plant galls.

## Quotes from the greats

The biggest difficulty in macro photography is focusing and it's one problem that can put off newcomers and many times the experienced photographers too. **Bruno Militelli** 

The small world of animals is one we often overlook and so often take for granted. **Karine Aigner** 

Macro photography is all about nature, patience and sharing. Frank Deschandol

There are so many science and conservation stories that need to be shared. And I think photography is an effective tool to tell those stories in a way that has impact. **Samantha Stephens**